

Cheshire East Council

Media relations protocol 2020 DRAFT

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Introduction

This document sets out the policy and principles that define how public and media relations activity for Cheshire East Council, as a Local Authority, will be undertaken.

This protocol is based on the principles set out in the [Code of recommended practice on local government publicity](#). The code asserts that council publicity should:

- be lawful
- be cost effective
- be objective
- be even-handed
- be appropriate
- have regard to equality and diversity
- be issued with care during periods of heightened sensitivity

A fundamental principle underlying the code is that publicly-funded council communications activity should be apolitical, representing the views and position of the Local Authority as a public service organisation, not the views of a given political party, group or individual.

The organisation, individual officers and members, may risk criticism and/or prosecution for misuse of public funds should communications activity be seen to be politically motivated. This is subject to particular scrutiny in periods of heightened sensitivity, such as immediately before elections or referenda.

This protocol sets out:

- the purpose and scope of the communications function,
- the principles and process through which the requirement for communications activity is generated
- how we will ensure consistency and quality of messages
- how we identify spokespersons to speak on behalf of the council
- the approval process for public statements

It is principally concerned with the way the organisation engages with journalistic media. This includes, but is not limited to, journalistic activity in the following media:

- Newspapers
- Magazines
- Radio
- TV
- Online news sites
- Social media
- Online video and audio

In the following geographies:

- Hyper-local
- Local
- Regional
- National
- International

‘Journalistic Media’ is defined by the professional standards adhered to by the practitioner. A professional journalist, for the purposes of this protocol, will be accredited by one or more of the following bodies:

- National Council for the Training of Journalists (NCTJ)
- Broadcast Journalism Training Council (BJTC)

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They will hold either:

- National Press Card, issued by the UK Press Card Authority, or
- International press card issued by the Chartered Institute of Journalists

Their work will be published, broadcast or distributed in media described above, and is subject to the Independent Press Standards Organisation (IPSO) and the IPSO [Editors' Code of Practice](#).

Communications and media team purpose

The communications and media team is a supportive enabling function, offering professional, strategic communications advice and outcome-based, audience-focussed communications activity to help achieve corporate objectives.

It will:

- Provide professional communications resources, guidance and governance to support the effective delivery of council services and initiatives;
- Work to influence perceptions and encourage positive action internally and externally, locally and nationally to position CEC as a high-performing local authority;
- Support and enable culture change and a shift in behaviours through the delivery of high quality evidence based resources and messaging.

It is driven by a four-point strategy:

- Give people information about the council, its services and how to access those services;
- Build local reputation with our customers (internally and externally);
- Position and build profile with key stakeholders, peer group and decision makers locally, regionally and nationally;
- Seek to positively influence behaviour, supporting the council's six strategic outcomes and priorities and the Brighter Future Transformation Programme.

Scope of activity for the communications and media team

The communications and media team will:

- Work with the organisation to identify and plan for communications priorities, opportunities and risks.
- Deliver information about council services and how to access them, prioritising those services where evidence shows that these are the most important to residents, and which are council priorities.
- Lead, enable and support public and stakeholder communications and media activity required to deliver priority projects and programmes.
- Communicate, publicise and promote decisions, service changes, and priorities etc. that are the result of decisions taken through the public, transparent and democratic decision-making processes of the authority, following appropriate consultation. For example:
 - Decisions taken at full council
 - Decisions taken at cabinet

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- Portfolio holder decisions
- Decisions otherwise delegated through any of the above bodies as established through the constitution
- Defend the reputation of the organisation (but not that of individual Members personally), rebutting and correcting factual inaccuracies where they enter the public conversation about the organisation.
- Undertake all communications and media activity following the principles set out in the Public Affairs and Engagement Framework ensuring that engagement with all impacted stakeholders and audiences is coordinated, owned and managed in each instance of communications activity.
- Support council's transformation journey and its strategic priorities.

***Note:** The communications and media team will work on matters that relate to the activity, decisions and priorities of the council as an organisation, and will not operate in any way that is party political in nature. To do so would be in direct breach of the [Code of recommended practice on local government publicity](#)

In public relations, as in all council business, it is the role of Members to be party-political and the role of officers to create content that is neutral, or occasionally to speak neutrally, on behalf of the whole council (albeit including the delivery of the administration's programme).

Any clearly party-political communications must be through Members' own channels (e.g. their own party newsletters and their own social media channels) rather than those owned and supported by officers (and funded by taxpayer resources).

Demand for communications activity

The need for communications activity will generally be identified by the communications and media team with senior officers of the council (head of service, director, executive director and/or chief executive) and will be agreed with portfolio holder.

All media enquiries, media releases, statements, information bulletins, pitches and interview requests must be handled by the communications and media team.

Proactive

Proactive opportunities may be identified for one or more of the following reasons:

- To provide information about access to services
- To inform audiences and stakeholders about any change to service or policy
- To celebrate the organisation's successes
- To establish the organisation's position on an issue (but not that of an individual member or political group)
- To promote the organisation's profile, sharing innovation and good practice with other organisations within the sector
- To encourage positive behaviour change in line with council priorities

Reactive

The organisation may be required to respond to externally generated demand. Such demands may arise from one or more of the following:

- Journalist enquiry
- Response to mis-information or dis-information in the public domain
- Any emerging issue, situation, emergency or crisis.

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- To establish the organisation's position on an issue (but not that of an individual member or political group)

Where a journalist makes a media enquiry, it is likely that they will give a deadline. If they do not, the communications and media officer should ask in order to manage expectations.

The IPSO [Editors' Code of Practice](#) establishes an expectation of 'right of reply'. This means that where a story is written about the Council, the Council must be given the opportunity to put forward its position. Right of reply can be exercised through a response to a media enquiry, in a media interview with a council spokesperson or, in some cases, a journalist's factual record of a meeting, for example a Full Council meeting, may be considered as having given sufficient right of reply to the organisation.

Consistency and quality of message

The Council is a large and complex organisation, operating in a very complicated environment; an environment which sometimes has many conflicting voices. It is important that the organisation's public messages are as transparent, simple and consistent as possible, delivered with clarity despite these complexities. This means that messages to the general public should be coordinated through the communications and media team, with all appropriate approvals in place prior to publication.

Spokespersons

A spokesperson is the named individual who is quoted in a media release or statement, and/or is put up for press, online, radio or TV interview.

It is essential that, where speaking on behalf of the organisation as a whole, spokespersons have the authority to speak on behalf of the organisation and are well-informed with regard to the facts and the council's position on the matter in question.

Portfolio holder

The default spokesperson for any media release or statement is the portfolio holder. They have strategic responsibility for the policy and strategic direction of the organisation. They are the organisation's figurehead for matters within their portfolio.

Leader and Deputy Leader of the council

The council leader or deputy leader will be put forward for interview where there are significant issues that affect the council as a whole or that cut across several portfolio areas. Where the leader or deputy leader is not available, he/she may nominate a senior officer, such as the chief executive, to take his/her place.

Committee chairs

Where the subject matter has specifically to do with the work of a particular council committee, for example, Overview and Scrutiny, Audit and Governance etc., then the chair of that committee may be quoted – this would in be agreement with and in addition to the portfolio holder responsible for that area of the council's work.

Champions and deputy cabinet members

Where a deputy cabinet member has been appointed, they may be quoted in the absence of, and/or, with the agreement of, the cabinet member. In addition, a number of member

champions have been appointed – they may be quoted with the agreement of the cabinet member.

Ward members

Where a story is particularly relevant to a specific ward, or is the result of direct work by ward member(s) in that ward, ward members may be quoted, in agreement with and in addition to the portfolio holder responsible for that area of the council's work.

Senior manager

In some cases, for example where a statement is concerned a purely operational matter, such as a staffing matter, it may, with the agreement of the portfolio holder and chief executive, be appropriate for a senior officer to be named spokesperson.

'A council spokesperson'

In exceptional circumstances, for example, when working under particular time pressures and the default spokespersons are for whatever reason unavailable, quotes in media releases / statements may be attributed to 'a council spokesperson'. This can only apply where the council's position on an issue is clearly established.

This should only be used in exceptional circumstances. It is important that, wherever possible, quotes are attributed to a named, identifiable and accountable individual.

Approval process

It is essential that all public statements and releases are approved by officers and members of the council with appropriate authority.

Releases and statements will be signed off by:

- Communications and media team
- Head of Service /Director
- Executive Director
- Portfolio Holder

Releases and statements will be shared with Chief Executive, Leader of the Council and Deputy Leader of the Council prior to distribution.

Where the matters concerned are over-arching, or are deemed of sufficient importance or impact, approval may also be sought from Chief Executive, Leader of the Council and Deputy Leader of the Council prior to distribution.

Distribution and Publication

Media releases and information bulletins

Many of the council's media releases and information bulletins will be intended for a general, local, public audience. In these cases the distribution of releases will be as follows:

1. Internal stakeholders
2. Publication on website
3. Social media
4. Direct email to local media distribution list

On other occasions, media releases may have a particular audience in mind. In such cases, the distribution of releases will be as follows:

1. Internal stakeholders
2. Publication on website
3. Social media – this may be targeted
4. Direct email to specialist / targeted media distribution list
5. OPTIONAL - Direct email to local media distribution list

Media statements

Media statements are used in response to specific media enquires and therefore are not for general publication. Distribution of statements will be as follows:

1. Internal stakeholders
2. Direct email to enquiring journalist(s)

In exceptional circumstances, the decision may be taken to publish a specific media statement on the Cheshire East Council website and/or shared on social media. However, this would only be the case where there was a requirement to correct significant misinformation / disinformation or misunderstanding and the statement gave sufficient context to make sense in its own right. In many cases, due to the responsive nature of a statement, statements do not, in their own right, give sufficient context to be published for general, universal consumption without additional information.

Conclusion

This media relations protocol will enable efficient and responsible public communications activity, ensuring that the organisation's public communications are approved by those officers and members with appropriate authority and that it is clear which individual officers and members are empowered to speak on behalf of the organisation.

Contact details

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